# Newport Mercury.

VOL. LX. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1821. Number 3103.



**Newport Mercury,**

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

*WM. & J. H. BARBER,*

No. 133, THAMES-STREET.

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*TERMS OF ADVERTISING.*

Advertisements not exceeding a square, inserted three weeks for One Dollar, and seventeen cents for each subsequent insertion.

All Advertisements, (except where an account is open) must be paid for previous to insertion.


## NEW WORKS.

MEMOIRS of the Court of Queen Elizabeth, by Miss AIKEN—2 vols. 8vo. price $4.

Schoolcraft's Narrative of the Expedition under Gov. Cass—1 vol. 8vo.

Letters on the Eastern States, by Wm. Tudor, 2d edition, 1 vol.

Philosophical Treatise on the Passions, by T. Cogan, M. D. 1 vol.

Principles of Political Economy, by Rev. T. R. Malthus—1 vol.

Essay on the evils of Popular Ignorance, by John Foster, 2d edition.

Buckminster's Sermons, 3d edition, 1 vol. 8vo. price $2.

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Letters of Robert Burns, 1 vol.

Essays by Cowley and Shenstone.

Airs of Palestine, a Poem by J. Pierpont—1 vol. 8vo.

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Political and literary Anecdotes of his own times, by Dr. *Wm. King.*—1 vol. 12mo.

Tales of the Hall, by the Rev. *George Crabbe.*—2 vols 12mo.

*Just received, and for Sale by*

**Wm. & J. H. BARBER,**

Sept 15, 1821.

## BLANKS.

**For Sale at this Office,**

DEEDS—Warrantee and Quit-claim
WRITS—Indorsee vs. drawer on note
County Court Writs
do. do. Executions
Justices, Note and Book
Justices Executions
Subpoenas
*Warrants*, for collecting Militia Fines
*Indentures* for Apprentices
*Probate*—Administrators' Bonds
Executors Do.
Guardians' Do.
Letters of Administration
Do. of Appraisement
*Commercial*—Bills of Lading
Bill of Exchange
Portage Bills
Powers of Attorney
Enrolment Bills of Sale
Register Bills of Sale
Foreign Manifests
Coasters' Manifests

May 10.

## Collector's Notice.

THE Subscriber being appointed Collector of the Town Tax, voted in July last, hereby gives notice, that he has commenced the Collection of the same and respectfully requests all those indebted for said Tax to pay the same without delay, at No 9, Market-square

JOSEPH MARTIN

Newport, Sept. 11, 1821.

## Evening SCHOOL

THE Subscriber's Evening School will commence on *Monday Evening*, the 24th instant, at $2 per Quarter.

E. REVETT.

N. B.—All the duties of Justice of the Peace, and Public Notary, performed at the shortest notice—And those who wish to employ me to collect their Notes and Accounts are requested to send them direct to him, who will collect them "*Peaceably if he can—forcibly if he must*"

Newport, Sept. 22.

## SEASONABLE GOODS,

**R. P. LEE,**

HAS received, and offers for Sale at uncommonly low prices.

| | |
|---|---|
| Broadcloths | Bombazeens |
| Cassimeres | Wildbores |
| Sattinetts | Rattinetts |
| Devonshire Kersey | Worsted Hosiery |
| Flannels | Calicoes |
| Bombazetts | Cambrics |
| Pelisse Cloths | Book Muslins |
| Flag Hdkfs. | Dimities |
| Black silk ditto | Dimitis |
| Irish Linens | Diapers |
| Steam-loom Shirtings | Vestings |
| | Shawls |
| American Sheeting | Merino Hdkfs. |
| English & American Chex | White & colored Cravats |
| Gloves | Knit drawers |
| Tabby Velvets | Black Levantine |
| Canton Crapes | India Cottons |
| Italian ditto | Bedticks |
| Russia Sheeting. | Patent Threads |
| | Ravens Duck, &c. |

Newport, Sept. 22.

## NEW AND CHEAP GOODS.

**S. H. CAHOONE,**

*At his Old Stand, opposite the* MERCHANTS BANK.

HAS just received an extensive Assortment of FALL GOODS, which he offers for Sale as cheap as can purchased in Newport.

*** *Particulars in a future Advertisement.*

Newport, Sept. 22. 3w

## S. & A. C. HOWLAND,

WILL after the 15th of October next, carry on the BONNET MAKING at their residence, next north of Mr. *Samuel Whitehorne's*,—and wish those indebted to them, to call and settle their bills previous to that period.

Newport, Sept 22

## For Charleston,

THE Schr GLEANER, B. W. MILLER Master, will sail about the 10th of October next—For Freight or Passage, apply to

DAVID BOWEN & Co.

Newport, Sept 20.

## *NOTICE.*

WHEREAS the Supreme Judicial Court of this State, at their session held at South Kingstown, within and for the County of Washington, on the 4th Monday of April last, upon the Petition of SARAH CLARKE, Wife of *Peter W. Clarke*, of said South-Kingstown, yeoman, praying for certain reasons therein stated, that the said Court would pass sentence of Divorce, and dissolve the Marriage covenant between them—Whereupon the said Court did then and there decree that the aforesaid *Sarah Clarke* be and she is hereby divorced from the said Peter W. Clarke, and the Bonds of her said Marriage with him he and they are hereby dissolved forever.—And the Court decreed, that the said Sarah have, and the same is assigned as Alimony, all the Real and Personal Estate of the said Peter W. Clarke, subject to the payment of the just debts due from the said Peter at that time.—This is therefore to notify and request the Creditors of the said Peter, to bring in a certified list of their claims against him, to WAGER WEEDEN, Attorney by power to the said *Sarah Clarke*, within Three Months from this date, that arrangements may be made to pay the same.—Those persons neglecting to comply with this notice, may be foreclosed

WAGER WEEDEN,
*Attorney to Sarah Clarke*

South Kingstown, Sept 21.

## Atheneum,

*Or, Spirit of the English Magazines.*

JUST published, The ATHENEUM; *Or, Spirit of the English Magazines*, for Sept. 15, 1821.

J. C. SHAW.

☞ Subscriptions for the above interesting Work, are received by the Subscriber, the Agent in Newport.

Newport, Sept. 21.

## CANTON CRAPES.

**JOHN B. NEWTON,**

**104. *Thames-Street,***

**Has just received,**

ONE CASE of elegant assorted CANTON CRAPES, which are offered for Sale low—with a variety of other Goods.

Newport, Sept. 8.

## FRESH FLOUR.

*Just received from Alexandria, per Sloop Washington, and for Sale on Gardner's wharf.*

**100 Bbls fresh ground Superfine FLOUR.**

*ALSO, IN STORE,*

50 half-bbls. first quality Do. for families use.

50 Bbls. scratch'd FLOUR.

*Apply to*

JOHN B. LYON.

Newport, August 31.

## PALM OIL, &c.

**15,000 galls. Palm Oil**

**Two Tons CAMWOOD,**

**Six Ton EBONY,**

***For Sale, by***

**S. FOWLER GARDNER.**

Newport, July 8.

## PARASOLS.

A SMALL Lot of low priced PARASOLS, are just received by

*JOHN B. NEWTON,*

Which are offered lower than can be purchased in this Town.

Newport, July 28.

## LOST, OR STOLEN,

A DARK Blue SURTOUT, lined with silk, the Cape and lining considerably worn—Whoever will return the same to this Office, shall receive a liberal reward.

Newport, Sept 22.

## TO LET,

*And immediate Possession given.*

THAT pleasantly situated Dwelling-House in Barney Street, two doors east of the third (Saturday) Baptist Meeting-House.—For terms, apply to GREEN CARR, living on the premises, or to

ROBERT R. CARR,
*Market Wharf.*

Newport, Sept. 8. 3w

## *TO LET,*

THE DISTILLERY and Stores, lately improved by *Aaron F Dyre.*—Also, The House and Lot opposite the same.—For terms, apply to

AUDLEY CLARKE,
WILLIAM ENNIS.

Newport, July 21,

## *FOR SALE,*

THE Staunch well-built Ship WILLIAM, as she recently returned from sea burthen 280 Tons, carries a large Cargo, and is well found—For terms, which will be very low, apply to

A & G TILLEY.

Newport, August 18

## *NOTICE.*

WASHINGTON, SC.—*Clerk's Office. Supreme Judicial Court. Sept* 13 1821.

THE Creditors of SMITH COTTRELL, of South Kingstown, in the county of Washington, Trader, are hereby notified to appear before the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at South Kingstown, within and for the County of Washington, on the 2d Monday of October next, on the second day of said term to nominate Assignees or Commissioners to receive an Assignment of his Estate, and to distribute the same, according to the Act of the General Assembly passed in June, 1820, entitled "An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors."

JOHN SEGAR, *Clerk.*

## Meteorological Diary for August, 1821.

| *Aug.* | THERMOMETER 8 a. m. | 2 p. m. | 10 p. m. | WINDS | WEATHER. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 75 | 82 | 74 | SW SW WNW | Clear cloudy lt. & thun. bk wds |
| 2 | 77 | 81 | 74 | WNW SW ESE | Rain 0 17 clear foggy lt. winds |
| 3 | 80 | 78 | 75 | SE SbyE S | Light clouds cloudy brisk winds |
| 4 | 75 | 85 | 73 | NW SW WNW | Clear clear clear mod winds |
| 5 | 74 | 83 | 68 | NW | Clear clear clear moderate wind |
| 6 | 71 | 78 | 69 | NNW NW N | Clear clear clear brisk winds |
| 7 | 68 | 77 | 67 | SSE | Clear clear clear mod winds |
| 8 | 71 | 71 | 62 | SE | Clear clear clear brisk winds |
| 9 | 65 | 73 | 64 | N SE SSW | Clear clear clear brisk winds |
| 10 | 68 | 74 | 68 | SW | Clear clear clear light winds |
| 11 | 71 | 84 | 74 | WNW SW NW | Clear clear clear brisk winds |
| 12 | 73 | 80 | 63 | N NW E | Cloudy clear clear brisk winds |
| 13 | 68 | 77 | 67 | SW | Clear clear clear brisk winds |
| 14 | 70 | 78 | 69 | SW | Clear clear clear mod. winds |
| 15 | 72 | 79 | 73 | SW | Clear clear cloudy light winds |
| 16 | 76 | 88 | 72 | SW | Clear clear cloudy light winds |
| 17 | 73 | 73 | 69 | E E ESE | Slight haze hazy mod. winds |
| 18 | 73 | 80 | 70 | SW SW SE | Cloudy lt. th & rain 0 55 mod wd |
| 19 | 74 | 84 | 72 | WbyN SW SW | Clear clear clear light winds |
| 20 | 73 | 80 | 74 | SW | Clear lt. th & rain 0 34 light wds |
| 21 | 72 | 80 | 67 | SW WNW NW | Clear clear clear moderate wind |
| 22 | 64 | 72 | 65 | NNW SSW N | Clear clear clear mod. winds |
| 23 | 65 | 77 | 63 | N SE N | Clear clear clear mod winds |
| 24 | 65 | 77 | 68 | N S SW | Clear clear cloudy mod winds |
| 25 | 68 | 74 | 62 | NW S SW | Cloudy clear moderate winds |
| 26 | 71 | 73 | 71 | SSE | Cloudy rain 0 3 clear bk winds |
| 27 | 68 | 72 | 57 | NE | Cloudy clear brisk winds |
| 28 | 65 | 71 | 69 | SE | Clear clear clear mod. winds |
| 29 | 68 | 72 | 68 | ESE E ENE | Cloudy clear cloudy light winds |
| 30 | 74 | 78 | 70 | NW EbyS WbyN | Rain 0 23 sun at intervals lt wds |
| 31 | 73 | 78 | 70 | WbyN SW SW | Clear clear clear brisk winds. |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mean temperature of the month | 72°. 42 | Greatest variation in one day | 27° |
| Mean temperature of the coolest day | 65° 2-3 | Least, | 2° |
| Mean heat of the warmest day | 78° 2-3 | Rain, in the month | 1 35 inches. |

REMARKS—The month of August has partaken in an unusual degree of the general character of the two other Summer months—If it has greatly exceeded them in warmth, it has shown the same complexion in the frequent recurrence of hazy atmospheres, lightnings, and an uncommon proportion of northerly and easterly winds, which have however, at no time in the course of the month, blown with violence.—The thermometer rose on the 1st, and on the 16th, to 88 degrees; but in no instance only in the course of the month it remained during the night as high as 75°—The mean heat of the month is within half a degree of the average of the last five years, and the measure of rain rather under the average of the corresponding month for the same period. The temperature of the three summer months of the current year has been several degrees cooler than that of the three preceding years and less than a degree warmer than the cold summer of 1817 The quantity of water fallen in the same period, 5 68 inches, is within half of an inch of the average of the two preceding years.—Our dog days give us here neither sultriness, nor moschetos to interrupt our rest, and the cleanly house wife takes care that we shall sleep on if we please, without being troubled by any thing else.

## MISCELLANY.

FROM THE CHRISTIAN WATCHMAN.

### *Warren Baptist Association.*

On Tuesday last, the Warren Baptist Association held its annual meeting at Newport, (R. I.) The introductory sermon was delivered by the Rev. David Benedict, of Pawtucket, from Prov xxiii 23. *By the truth and sell it not* His first general head of discourse was What is truth? His second, the purchase of truth; and his third, the consideration of those things for which the truth is sometimes sold Under the first he noticed the glory of the Divine attributes, and the totally different feelings and conduct of those, who cherished opposite views of the moral character of God. 2. He spoke of the character of JESUS CHRIST, and of the contradictory opinions respecting him—He observed that one author had enumerated ten different theories relating to the Saviour; but however various these were, they might be reduced to two classes; one that which allows the highest glory to which a being of derived existence may be advanced, and the other, that of simple humanity. In opposition to both these doctrines of Socinians, he advocated the true and proper Deity of CHRIST, and the propriety of attributing to him the same perfections as are ascribed to the only living and true GOD. He very pointedly remarked on the different systems of preaching, which would be the effect of these opposite sentiments in relation to our Saviour They would produce also an entire dissimilarity in our prayers If, he observed, the deity of CHRIST were not a truth of revealed religion, the spirit of the martyrs was a zeal destitute of any noble object, and the self-denial and ardour of the first Christians were without an adequate foundation But whatever disagreement existed in the two systems, acrimony and ill will in the defence of either were to be carefully avoided, and pointedly to be condemned. 3 He adverted to the importance of bowing our understandings to the Divine authority and inspiration of the Holy Scriptures, and of receiving truth and doctrine as therein revealed. Some determine before examination, not to believe, and utterly reject revelation.—If the Scriptures be true, predestination, grace, and sovereignty in the salvation of sinners are clearly revealed, however strongly disavowed by those who contemn the doctrine of our Saviour's Divinity.—4 There is a manifest contrariety between the advocates of the two systems, as to depravity and the nature of redemption. If sin be a small evil, the method of redemption is proportionally insignificent, and vice versa. These different views produce a contrariety of opinion as to moral obligation and gratitude to the Redeemer.—5 An entire dissimilitude appears also respecting religious affection in relation to God and divine things as the product of the Holy Spirit, and as indispensably incorporated with true religion, the other supposes these same affections as the fruit of a heated and superstitious enthusiasm, or as the work of Satan. 6. The future condition of men. The views of one class lead them to consider the soul as exposed to a state of endless suffering; those of the other, either that the soul may cease to exist, or that all will be well after death. 7. Mr. B. then noticed the influence, which these contrary theories would exert in relation to our duties to God, to others, and to ourselves II The purchase of truth. The question is not so much what we must give, in the purchase of truth, as what we must surrender. We must give up prejudice, pride of opinion, indolence, worldly ease popular applause, and even life itself. On each of these subjects the preacher enlarged in a very interesting manner, and in particular as they related to the preachers of the Gospel. III The truth may be sold for gain. Allusion was here made to the dispositions and conduct of Balaam, Judas, Simon Magus, and Demas. The love of popularity and applause had overcome multitudes, who had resisted the temptations of wealth and worldly ease. In the close, the Ministers of CHRIST were addressed and warned not to conceal the truth by delivering it in ambiguous language, or holding it in unrighteousness, but to be plain and faithful, in reference to that solemn day, when he who is the Chief Shepherd, shall appear, and give to that servant who is faithful unto death, a crown of life that fadeth not away

There was a collection for the poor widows of deceased Ministers.

The Association was then organized by the choice of the Rev. Stephen Gano as Moderator, Rev. James Barnaby, Clerk, and brother H. H. Brown, As-

[illegible] Clerk,—Letters from Churches were read, giving an account of their circumstances, and of the numbers added, dismissed, excluded and deceased. The additions in the last year had been small. Those in the church at Attleborough were the most numerous.—There had been no remarkable revivals. It appeared from the report of a committee appointed to examine the Minutes of corresponding associations, that the net gain in the year commencing in 1819 and ending in 1820, had not exceeded 600, in about 200 churches, being the average of three to a church. If this be a specimen of the general state of the Baptist churches, their increase has not been so proportionably great as that of some other denominations. Amongst the minor causes of this event, may not there be very important ones, the inattention of the Baptists to the education of candidates for the ministry, and their unjustifiable parsimony in the support of the pastors of their churches? When shall we be convinced of this plain truth, that a preacher, to be prepared to "feed" his hearers "with knowledge and understanding," must himself be a wise man, a man of extensive information, well instructed in the things pertaining to the kingdom of God? And who does not see that the uninspired preacher, who is surfeited with worldly cares in the support of his family, is almost wholly unfitted for this exalted, this heavenly service?

The Circular Letter, by Mr. Benedict, was unusually long, but rendered so highly interesting by scriptural thought and appropriate allusion, as not to be tedious.

In the evening, the Reverend William Gammell preached to a crowded house, from Isaiah xlii 13 *I will work, and who shall let it?* He considered, first, the influence by which sinners become willing converts; secondly, the evidences of true conversion; thirdly, the finally immense number of willing converts, of which the Scriptures authorized; the expectation, as the fruit of that independent power which God had promised to exert for their salvation.

Prayer meetings were held on Tuesday and Wednesday mornings, in the meeting-house at the rising of the sun; and on Monday evening there was preaching in two different places, by Reverend Mr. Gano, and Reverend Mr. Going.

The concluding sermon of the Association was preached by the Reverend Lutner Rice, and a collection was taken up in aid of the Baptist Mission to the Indians.

The Association was very fully attended, and the spectators were unusually numerous. The hospitality of the Reverend Mr. Elton's church and society in whose meeting house the Association held its sessions, afforded much satisfaction, and gave undoubted evidence that the Association received a cordial welcome.

The next meeting of this body is appointed to be held at New-Bedford, at the Reverend Mr. Barnaby's meeting-house on Tuesday after the first Wednesday in September, 1822

*From the Detroit Gazette, of September 7th.*

*Treaty of Chicago.*

On Tuesday last, Gov Cass and Mr. Sibley, the commissioners appointed to treat with the Indians, returned from Chicago, together with the gentlemen who attended at the treaty. We understand that the object of the government has been fully obtained, and that a cession has been made by the Indians on favourable terms, of all that country extending from the southern boundary of this territory to Grand River; and containing, by estimation, upwards of 5,000,000 acres.

No less than 3000 Indians attended at the council, principally Potawatamies, Ottawas and Chippeways; and during the whole progress of it they conducted themselves in an exemplary manner. The final result was delayed several days by the various propositions and modifications which were submitted on each side. The Indians early invinced a disposition to sell, but were determined to secure the best possible terms for themselves. We have been informed that some of the stipulations inserted in the treaty are very favourable to the melioration of their situation and to the gradual improvement of their condition, moral and physical.

The country has been represented to us, by the gentleman who have travelled over it, as fertile, well watered and pleasantly situated. It is interspersed with prairies and woodland, and is moderately elevated, but not hilly. Lakes and springs of pure water are abundant, and even in the driest season furnish a exuberant supply.

The St Joseph is a fine navigable stream, whose head waters approach within two days ride of Lake Erie. It waters a most valuable and extensive tract of country, and is the most considerable tributary stream of Lake Michigan.

Gov Cass, on his route to Chicago, ascended the Miami to Fort Wayne. From thence his canoe was transported over a portage of about nine miles, to the head of the Wabash. This river he descended to its mouth, and descended the Ohio to the Mississippi. This latter river he ascended to the mouth of the Illinois, one of whose tributary streams approaches within ten miles of Chicago.

The character of the Illinois is represented to us to be essentially different from that of any other river in the western regions. It has more resemblance to a canal than to a stream. For 300 miles, not one rapid, nor even a ripple is discoverable. The water moves sluggishly, and for a considerable part of the distance, no current is perceptible. In ascending this stream, there are a number of places where the voyaguer is liable to be lost, by following channels which terminate in extensive ponds. Within about one hundred miles of Chicago, the appearance of the country and with it the character of the river, changes. A continued succession of falls and rapids, at this season of the year, puts an entire stop to navigation, and the boats and their contents must be transported by land to Chicago. This change commences at a remarkable hill, called by the early French voyaguers Le Rocher. It is a very elevated rock, not less than 250 feet high, perpendicular on three sides, and washed at its base by the Illinois. On the fourth side it is connected with the surrounding country by a narrow ledge, which can only be ascended by a precipitous winding path. The top of the rock is level, and contains perhaps three fourths of an acre. It has been strongly fortified by the Indians, and many years ago was the scene of a desperate conflict between the Potawatamies, and one band of the Illinois Indians. The latter fled to this place for refuge from the fury of their enemies. The post could not be carried by assault; and tradition says that the besiegers finally succeeded, after many repulses, by cutting off the supply of water. Every person who appeared at the top of the rock, for the purpose of procuring water from the river, was immediately shot; and the result was a surrender, which was followed by the total extirpation of the Illinois band.

At the mouth of the Aux Plein, and within about forty rods of its junction with the Kankakee, the party discovered one of the most remarkable mineralogical facts which has been seen in our country. There is in the bed of the river a large black walnut tree in a perfect state of petrifaction. The tree, as it lies in the river, measures about fifty-one feet; but this is not its whole length, for a part of it is covered by the bank. It is from two feet and a half to three feet in diameter. The tree is divested of its branches, but both the bark and the wood of the trunk are entirely converted into stone. Iron pyrites and cristals of quartz are evidently distinguishable in this petrified substance. The tree itself is in the bed of the river, and the rocky bottom of the stream is formed upon it. Some of the rocks certainly *in situ*, rested upon the tree, were taken up. They were a species of the latest sandstone. No other petrifications were discovered in the vicinity; nor did there appear to be any quality of the water which produced this remarkable result.

Large specimens of this tree have have been brought to this city, and will be deposited among the various collections in the country.

We understand that Mr. Schoolcraft, who accompanied Gov. Cass, and who has remained at Chicago for a few days, has collected all the facts, which could be ascertained, and which could reflect light upon this interesting subject. His mineralogical and geological acquirements are well known, and there are few men in our country who are more competent than he is to pursue such an investigation. The scientific world may expect from him an able and interesting memoir.

This tree must not be confounded with those partial or local petrifications which are frequently found in springs and small streams. It is entirely different in its character, and its position, and the substances in contact with it, claim for it an antiquity at least coeval with that of the bed of the river. But we must leave to others, who are more able, the task of speculating upon this interesting and unexpected discovery.

## By the Mails.

*SOUTH-CAROLINA.*

CHARLESTON, SEPT. 15.

*From Vera Cruz.*

WE have Havanna papers to the 3d inst. which furnish information from Vera Cruz, to the 5th ult brought by the Spanish packet Diligence, in 19 days from the latter place

On the 3d of August, Gen Don Juan O'Donoju, landed at Vera Cruz, and after having taken the usual oath of office, assumed the reins of government, as Captain General and Political Chief of the Kingdom of Mexico; the title of Vice Roy having been abolished by the Constitution. On the same day he issued a proclamation to the Mexican people, and on the 4th, in a public address, he congratulated the troops and inhabitants, on their having annihilated the enemy's forces, which had appeared before their walls—"the greatest part of which, (he observes) paid for their temerity with the loss of life and liberty."

*COLUMBIA.*

WASHINGTON-CITY, SEPT. 22.

*The Controversy between the Bank of the U. S. and the State of Ohio.*

This controversy has, we understand, from an unquestionable source, come to a final issue in the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Ohio. To give our readers a distinct comprehension of that issue, it is necessary to inform them, that a bill in chancery was filed against the collecting officers of the State, to restrain the collection of the tax imposed by the State; on which an injunction was granted. Prior to the collection of the tax this injunction was served; but, as those officers supposed, and as they were advised by counsel, that it was illegally served, they proceeded notwithstanding to collect the tax, and levied 100,000 dollars; about 20,000 dollars in specie, and the residue in the notes of the corporation. The counsel for the bank entertaining an opinion of the service of the injunction different from that of the opposite counsel, proceeded against the officers for an alleged contempt in disobeying the injunction, and the court adjudged the injunction to have been legally served; but, at the instance of the counsel of the officers, continued the prosecution for the contempt until the late term of the court.

The bank also instituted an action of trespass, *quare clausum fregit*, against the officers and the sureties, on their office bond, for entering its office at Chillicothe, and forcibly seizing the 100,000 dollars; to which the defendants severally plead not guilty. After the seizure, the bank amended its bill, and stated that fact, obtained an injunction to prevent the negociation of the notes seized, and prayed a decree for the restoration of the specific money and notes which had been levied. Thus the bank had in operation three remedies for the recovery of the sum taken: first the bill in chancery; secondly, the proceeding for the contempt; and, thirdly, the action of trespass—all of which were ready for trial at the late (September) term.

The court pronounced a decree for the restoration of the identical 100,000 dollars which had been seized, with interest upon the specie part of it from the time of the seizure until payment; and granted a perpetual injunction against the collection of any tax in future under the act of Ohio. By an arrangement between the respective counsel, the attachment for contempt was dismissed at the costs of the defendants, and the action of trespass, to be continued until the decision of the Supreme Court, is also to be dismissed at the defendants' costs, in the event of the affirmation of the decree of the Circuit Court. The Treasurer refused to comply with that decree, and an attachment for a contempt was issued against him, and he was committed to prison. He still refused; whereupon the court, upon the motion of the counsel of the bank, awarded a writ of sequestration, by which the commissioners appointed in it were empowered to seize his whole estate, real and personal, and the identical 100,000 dollars seized, wheresoever the same might be found, and to sequester the whole, subject to the future order of the court. In virtue of this writ of sequestration, the commissioners named in it took the key of the Treasury from the Treasurer, entered the Treasury, and took thereout 98,000 dollars, the only part of the sum levied remaining, the other 2000 dollars having been retained by the officer making the collection for his commission. The defendants appealed from the decree to the Supreme Court, which by consent, was made to operate as a supersedeas upon the 2000 dollars, the interest, and the costs of the suit in chancery; and the Treasurer was thereupon discharged from custody

No violence, no opposition, no forcible resistance was offered to the execution of the writ of sequestration; and, if the original seizure of the money is to be regretted, it is highly consoling to have witnessed the silent but irresistable energy of the law, when that law is declared by the constitutional organ. The execution of the process of the court, without impediment or disturbance, is creditable to the people of Ohio, and to the population of Columbus in particular.—Thus, the very circumstance which seemed at first to threaten the peace and quiet of the Union, and to weaken the authority of the government, terminates in evincing its strength, and in communicating to it new vigor.

*NEW-YORK,*

NEW-YORK, SEPT. 25.

*Doubly Armed.*

We learn with pleasure, that the proprietor of the Steam-ship Robert Fulton, is preparing an armament, to consist of four 9 and two 6 pounders, with 24 muskets, for the protection of property belonging to her passengers, and against the possibility of robbery from the piratical villians that are infesting the neighborhood of Cuba. This armament together, with the great advantage which this vessel possesses of throwing boiling water must afford a protection, adequate to an attack from any of the picaroon lurking in those seas. Her engine is one of the most powerful, and is capable of throwing double the quantity of water (boiling hot) which an ordinary fire engine now in use in the city can. It is asserted, that she can discharge from her boiler ten hogsheads, of 120 gallons each, in a minute, and throw it nearly to the distance point blank musket range. Who knows but this method may yet be resorted to as a national defence, and as a new weapon to carry war into an enemy a camp.

September 26.

*More Piracies.*

*Extract of a letter from Capt. Warner, to his owners, dated Havanna, Sept. 9th 1821.*

"While laying in the harbor we were boarded by 14 Robbers, armed with pistols, cutlasses and daggers—I was the first that was knocked down; after which we were all put down in the forecastle; and the mate, the crew, and myself plundered of every thing, and the vessel robbed of about 85 boxes of candles, but we were fortunate enough next morning to recover about 33 of the boxes, and have hopes of getting the rest, as I believe the fellow in whose possession those recovered were found has informed, of the rest of the gang—they also stole my small boat. There has been 7 or 8 vessels robbed within these 8 days, both at Sea and in this harbor. Capt. Shain, of the Ajax, of Philadelphia was robbed the same night of about $1000 of property, and the like depredations are nightly committed."

*MASSACHUSETTS.*

BOSTON, SEPT. 21.

*Piracy.*

Arrived, schr Evergreen, Capt. Pool, 43 days from Trinidad, with sugar and molasses. The Evergreen was taken 17th August, by the piratical schooner Snake, Capt. Fortunat—a prize-master and four men put on board, and ordered for Old Providence. Capt. Pool states that after keeping in company with the privateer 10 days, she left her to go in search of water, and the Evergreen stood in for the Keys, for the same purpose; and when off Key Largo, fell in with the wrecking sloop Intrepid, capt. Crocker, of Barnstable, on board of which vessel capt. Pool went immediately, and made known his situation. Captain Crocker sent on board the Evergreen four men well armed, and the schr. was retaken without any resistance, and the privateersmen were confined below immediately. At the time the wrecking sloops Sailor's Rights, Barnes; and Young Hamilton, Post, lay at anchor near the shore, which accounts for no resistance being made. Previous to recapture the prize-master endeavored to ransom the schr. and appropriate the ransom money to his own use, and return to England, his native country—but falling in with the above sloops, his plan was unexpectedly frustrated. He stated that Woman's Island, (said to be uninhabited) near Cape Latouche, was the place where the privateer rendezvoused and where the Evergreen was ordered; but capt. Pool thinks they intended to have run her ashore, and to have sold the cargo to whoever appeared disposed to purchase.—While capt. Pool was on board the Intrepid, an English sloop came and the captain went immediately on board the Evergreen, and from the cordial shake of the hand which he gave the prize-master, it appeared they were not strangers to each other.—Captain Pool heard the English capt. distinctly order the man steering the Evergreen to put up the helm, in order to run her ashore on a reef. The vessel which captured the Evergreen is three masted about thirty tons burthen, white bottom, white streak round her, about thirty men, chiefly blacks, and one small gun on a pivot. One of the men a Dutchman, but on board the Evergreen, offered captain Pool his assistance—he stated he had been impressed into the service against his will. They were taken from the schr on Friday by the Marshal and lodged in goal viz: John Lamber, John Fransever, Levis Jovan, and Henry Corneilus.

*Liability of Taverners.*—At a late Court in Worcester, an Innkeeper was fined in the mitigated sum of $ 30, and costs, for refusing to entertain a traveller, who in a cold night applied for admission into the inn, for the purpose of procuring a glass of *spirits*, as he was in a freezing condition. The landlord would have come down stairs and let the traveller in, had he wanted lodging, but asking only for spirits, he did not think it his duty to admit him. Innkeepers, by law, have the exclusive privilege of entertaining travellers, and they are under legal obligation to furnish such entertainment whenever called for, but have a right to charge a reasonable compensation for any extraordinary trouble.—*Bos. Centinel.*

A fine of Thirty Dollars was imposed on an innholder of Foster, in this State, at the present term of the Supreme Judicial Court in Providence, for permitting the pernicious practice of gaming among his guests.

*Prov. Gazette.*

The New-York Gazette states, that there is now on the stocks at the different ship yards of the city, about 4000 tons of shipping of the first class.


# The Mercury.

NEWPORT,

Saturday, Sept. 29, 1821.


*EUROPEAN AFFAIRS.*

We have received nothing later from Europe, than what was communicated in our last.

The report from Greenock, via New-York, that the King of England had been assinated in Ireland, was current in Liverpool a short time before the Herald, arrived at Boston, sailed; but it turned out to be a fabrication.

The Boston Centinel says,—"After a careful examination of the numerous reports circulated in Europe, on the subject of the insurrections of the Greeks, it appears next to certain, that those excited in Moldavia and Wallachia, and in which the Prince Ypsilanti took such a prominent part, have been totally suppressed. Regarding the revolution in the Moren, the reports are various.—The best authenticated make it apparent, that the Patriots were losing their energy on the land, and confining their exertions to the sea, on which the accounts add, their conduct to neutral flags has been highly improper. The Turks were making great exertions to fit out a strong fleet to restore their naval supremacy in the Archipelago."

*SUPREME COURT.*

The Supreme Court closed their September term in this town on Wednesday last. On examining the Clerk's records, we find that *sixteen* new petitions for Divorce were presented—of which *ten* were granted, one withdrawn, and five are still pending. On the old docket, there were six applications for divorce, of which one was granted, two withdrawn, and three are still pending. The recent petitioners are nearly all women. The frivolous and unwarrantable causes for which a release from the matrimonial tie is not unfrequently obtained in this State, imperiously demand the prompt interference of the General Assembly. It is in their power to arrest the progress of this demoralizing practice, which has been a fruitful topic of indignant reproach at home and abroad.

*Prov. American.*

FROM VERA CRUZ.

A gentleman at New-York has received information, that on the 7th of August, the Patriots made a vigorous assault upon Vera Cruz, and succeeded in effecting an entrance within the walls at 3 o'clock in the morning, but they were repulsed with considerable loss, and retired at 7 o'clock the same morning.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

*Navy Department, Sept. 20th, 1821.*

All vessels bound to the West-Indies and Gulf of Mexico, that shall rendezvous, by the 15th day of October next, in latitude 37 degrees N. and *ten leagues east* of Cape Henry, off the Chesapeake Bay, may have the benefit of convoy of the United States' ship Hornet and brig Spark.

We learn that Commodores Bainbridge and Tingey, Capt. Evans, and Chaplain David P. Adams, are appointed Commissioners to examine Midshipmen, who are candidates for promotion. The Board will commence its session in New-York next week.

*Commercial.*—A letter from St. Petersburgh, dated July 25th, received by the brig Baltic, Capt. Eldred, arrived here, says—"You can have no idea of the quantity of goods in this market; there is little or no sale for any articles of import. Indigo brings a little profit, and it is the only article that can be sold readily, as coffee, sugar, rice, cotton, tobacco, and almost every article you can mention, is as bad as can be."

*John Quincy Adams's Address.*

The London Times of August 10th, has the following remarks upon Mr. Adams' Address of the 4th July last:—

"The Washington Gazette of July 10th, contains a speech of six columns in length, which was delivered by the Hon John Quincy Adams, on the anniversary of American Independence.—This document is much talked of across the Atlantic; and as it was designed for American ears, we are the less entitled, perhaps, to apply to it the strict rules of European criticism. The plan of the composition is better than its execution. The orator begins by tracing the causes of the revolutionary war with Great-Britain, and ends by exulting in its consequences. As matter of history we cannot controvert his positions; and where he launches much into political doctrines, we do not feel ourselves called upon to combat him."

## TORNADOES.

It appears by the Mail papers and letters from various quarters, that what appeared here on Sunday, the 9th inst. to be an electic cloud, was one of the *Tornadoes*, which occasioned great devastation and distress to the south, west, and north of us.—The papers contain the particulars of the destruction in Northfield, Warwick, Orange, &c. in New-Hampshire, and also in the western part of Massachusetts, and in Vermont and Lower Canada; but we have omitted them, as they are, in most particulars, similar to those we have published of that which desolated part of New-Hampshire.—The following additional particulars of this Tornado, are from the Concord Patriot.

FROM THE CONCORD (N. H.) PATRIOT.

*Further Particulars of the Tornado.*

A friend at New-London has furnished us with a statement of the number of buildings destroyed and injured in that town by the whirlwind of the 9th instant viz :—

*Buildings, &c. completely demolished.* —3 dwelling-houses, 1 large house frame, 9 barns, 1 saw-mill, 1 cider-mill 5 sheds, 8 orchards, and 330 acres of woodland blown down, and one cow killed.

*Buildings, &c injured* —6 dwelling-houses, 3 barns, and 3 sheds, &c. &c. —corn and potatoe fields, stone wall, fences, destroyed and injured; household furniture crushed and blown away, cattle, &c. injured.

The principal sufferers were Nathan and Jonathan Herrick, John Davis, Josiah Davis, Anthony Sargent, Peter Sargent, and Levi Harvey. The others were Asa Gage Amos Page, S. S. Knowlton, William Morgan, Wid Brocklebank, E. Davis, William Clark, John Williams, Wid. Harvey, Matthew Harvey, J P Sabin and Wid Adams.

The tornado (says our informant) when crossing Lake Sunapee, appeared like a pillar of black cloud reaching to the heavens, whirling and foaming terribly ploughing and drawing up the water. It was but about 20 rods in diameter in the water, while towards its top it was half a mile; it was filled with the ruins of demolished buildings, trees, &c. and moved nearly a mile a minute. It passed across the N. W. end of Sunapee Lake, and over Kearsarge mountain, about two miles S. of the highest peak.

At the foot of the mountain on the S. E. side in a sort of valley, stood seven houses, which composed all the dwellings in that village. They were all more or less injured, and the whole property of the two Savarys entirely swept away. The names of the persons killed and wounded in this village, are Samuel Savary, killed; Elizabeth, his wife, very badly bruised; Mary Savary, considerably hurt; her infant child, killed in her arms, by falling timbers; Laura Little, Leonard N. and Jesse Savary, children, much hurt; Robert Savary, buried in bricks, and much injured; his wife, Abigail, also very much bruised; their children, Levi, Isaac and George, were also much hurt; and Charlotte and Ruth Goodwin, at that time in the house were wounded. Mrs. Phebe Palmer, and some others at Mr. P's house, were hurt.

At Peter Flanders', in the second valley from the mountain and about 2 1-2 miles distant from the other village, all the family were hurt, and two killed — Mr. F. dangerously wounded; his wife also badly; daughter Mary, arm broken and otherwise hurt; Phebe, in her 4th year, carried from the house asleep on a bed, and badly hurt; Prue, slightly; Mrs. Colby a widow, hurt; Anna Richardson, single-woman, killed; an infant child of Mr. Flanders also killed; Lois Hannan, a girl in the family, badly injured.

At Joseph True's, in Salisbury, (the line between Salisbury and Warner passing between F. and T's houses) Mrs. True was badly hurt; Caleb and Joseph wounded, the former slightly; Mary, extremely bruised and burnt, Sally, much burnt and bruised; Mrs. Jones, very much hurt.

We believe that nearly the whole property of these two families was also destroyed One or two other unoccupied buildings in this neighborhood were damaged, but not materially We have not heard that any other damage was done by the gale in this quarter, save in several towns trees and fences blown down, &c. and some slight damage from the hail, which in Canterbury, we have been told, fell in some places as large as five inches circumference. A gentleman from Pittsfield informed us a few days since, that on Monday following the gale pieces of boards two feet long one with two nails in it, shingles, strips of clapboards, and half the pannel of a door, were picked up in that town, which with other rubbish had fallen the evening previous—at a distance of more than twenty miles! Shingles were also observed to fall from a great height in the air in London and Canterbury, on the evening of the tornado. These circumstances may indeed be true, when the astonishing power of the whirlwind in Wendell and Warner is considered —many additional particulars of which might be related, did it seem necessary to confirm what has already been above stated.

## MORE PIRACY.

We learn by Capt. Barton, of the brig Bowdoin, who arrived here on Wednesday, that off Matanzas he was boarded from an open boat, with 15 armed men, who robbed the brig of several articles, and the crew of their clothing.

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Mr. Crawford, the Secretary of the Treasury, is very seriously indisposed at Washington.

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Joseph Bonaparte has lately visited the interesting town of Bethlehem, in Pennsylvania, for medical assistance, and presented a diamond ring to the celebrated Dr. Green, who resides there.

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There are *seventy-three* houses of public worship in the city of New-York, all but two of them finished, and the foundation of another is preparing.

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### *From Florida.*

The Pensacola Floridan of the 25th of August, gives a long account of a dispute between Governor Jackson, and Col. Callava, late Governor of West-Florida. It seems that Gov. Jackson received information that certain papers, public documents, and records required by individuals to enable them to procure their claims, were in the hands of one Sousa, who was attached to the service of Callava A demand was made for the papers of Sousa, but he demurred, and procured a delay, by which means he placed the papers in the hands of Callava A demand was then made upon the latter, but he talked of his dignity—insisted that he should be treated as a Commissioner on the part of Spain—required conditions—and finally refused to give them up The result was, that after two or three unsuccessful applications, a guard was sent and Callava in uniform, brought before the Governor. Refusing again to give up the papers, he, with Sousa and his steward was sent off to prison.—A special commission was then given to several gentlemen, to go to Callava's house, and seize the papers, which being done on the following day, the Ex Governor and company were discharged from prison.

The Floridan says, a difficulty of a similar kind occurred in Louisiana, on its being taken possession of by the United States, when the former Intendant was imprisoned for a week by Gov. Claiborne, for not surrendering papers under similar circumstances—and that Galvez, at this place, imprisoned Col. Campbell for many months, on bare suspicion of his having in his possession, papers of a public nature, and belonging to the property and sovereignty of the country.

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Gen. Brown arrived at New-York on the 17th inst. on his way to Washington City,

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We deem it probable (says the National Gazette) that the mortification which the Queen suffered on the Coronation-day, either immediately produced the malady of which she died, or contributed to render it mortal. "Contempt," to use Shakespeare's phrase, has indeed "shut the door upon her," and she had been "given up to the sharpest kind of justice" Her case, as well as that of her husband, is fitted to remind us of the exclamation of Anne Boleyn, in the bard's Henry 8th—

"*Verily*
*I swear 'tis better to be lowly born,*
*And range with humble livers in content,*
*Than to be perk'd up in glittering grief,*
*And wear a golden sorrow.*"

### *Awful Alarm.*

On Friday evening last, between 9 and 10 o'clock, all the upper ceiling of the Rev. Mr. Chase's new Baptist Church, corner of Delancy-street, New-York, fell to the floor. The fall of so great a body of plaster mortar, made a tremendous crash;—the plastering, lathing and furring, or planking, by which it was affixed to the rafters, came in a solid mass together, and damaged the pews, lamps, &c. on which it fell, very materially. Had this dreadful accident happened during the time of divine service, the consequent destruction of lives must have been lamentably great Serious mischief was occasioned by an unfounded alarm, soon after commencing worship in this new building; a crowded Congregation precipitated themselves from the galleries and windows in the utmost terror and confusion, to the great injury of limbs and loss of clothing But on examining the building, the suspicions of its insufficiency were dissipated, and the house has since been excessively thronged, without apprehension or danger. How strongly should accidents of this kind enforce attention to strength and security, in erecting and completing edifices; deficiencies may be the means of fatal consequences to hundreds!

*N. Y. Gaz of Monday last.*

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### CRIMES, ACCIDENTS, &c.

The Boston Gazette states, that a man was last week convicted at the Municipal Court of that town, for the crime of adultery. He had left his wife and family, and taken up lodgings with a pretended apprentice of his, who, it appeared upon investigation, was a female in disguise, whom this abandoned wretch had seduced; but who has since been thankfully restored to the society of her friends.

A man, named Bell, a *Dyer* by profession, has lately played a trick upon some of the citizens of Richmond — He obtained a great variety of dresses to pass through his tub; run in debt to several merchants, cheated his landlady of the rent, and, to conclude, decamped with his booty

Birdsey N. Ovist has been sentenced to imprisonment in the penitentiary for *three months* by the U. S. Circuit Court at Columbus, Ohio, for robbing the mail several times, in Hudson, Portage Co. while employed as Assistant Post Master. He plead guilty, and the Court exercised lenity in consequence of his submissive and penitent conduct.

The powder mill in Moreau, N. Y. was accidentally blown up last week, and one man killed and two dangerously wounded

*Heart-rending Calamity.*—We understand that a young man of highly respectable family, about 21 years of age, who resided principally in this city, indulging in habits of dissipation, had been written to by his affectionate widowed mother at a distance, to return home.—*Home*, however, was not the place for him, and he paid no attention to her tender solicitations. An elder brother and a relation were ultimately sent down to conduct him to his parent, with every promise of oblivion to his past conduct On their way up the Hudson on board the steam-boat Richmond, on Saturday last, the unhappy young man jumped overboard, and was drowned.—On reading this, what must be the reflection of his late companions, and every one whose life is spent in idleness and dissipation? There is no happiness in this world but that founded in accuracy of conduct, and no misery so acute and insufferable as that which grows out of dissipation.

*N. Y. Gazette, Sept. 25.*

## Married,

At Philadelphia, Capt. CHARLES W. MORGAN, of the U. S. Navy, to Miss CATHARINE A. L. REED, daughter of the late Hon. Jacob Reed, of South-Carolina.

At Providence on Tuesday last, Capt. WILLIAM F. MAGEE to Miss NANCY D. CARLILE, daughter of Col. John Carlile, of Providence.

At South-Kingstown on the 19th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Brown, Capt. ELIJAH KINYON to Miss MARY E. NICHOLS, daughter of John T. Nichols, Esq.

At Tiverton on Sunday last, by the Rev Mr. Colman, Mr PHILIP PIERCE, of Little-Compton, to Miss FANNY GRAY of Tiverton

In this town on Sunday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Elton, Mr. JAMES HORSWELL to Miss MARY TABER, daughter of the late Mr. Reuben Taber, of this town.

## Died,

At Norfolk, (Vir.) on the 24th ult. of the prevailing fever, Mr. EDWARD T. CHAPPELL, aged 29 years, son of Mr. Scranton Chappell of this town.

At Providence on Monday last, Mrs. DESIRE FRENCH, widow of Mr. Jonathan French, in the 59th year of her age.

At Portsmouth on Monday last, Mrs. ELISABETH CHACE, widow of Mr Zacheus Chace, in the 83d year of her age—a member of the Society of Friends.

In this town on Saturday last, Mr. WALTER BURNS, in the 83d year of his age—a Revolutionary Pensioner.

On Wednesday last, (drowned) Mr. JESSE BURDICK, in the 46th year of his age.

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On Sunday evening last, very suddenly, Miss CAROLINE WHITEHORNE, daughter of Mr. Samuel Whitehorne, in the 16th year of her age.

*At early morn a lovely flower,*
*Bloom'd gaily in the rising sun;*
*But ah! ere Evening's stilly hour,*
*Its hues had fled its life was done.*

*It's morning tints were red and white,*
*It's fragrance sweet as sweetest roses;*
*But all its leaves turned pale at night,*
*And e'er it now chill death reposes.*

*Destruction seized its beauteous form,*
*And claimed it for an early prey;*
*It withered not in Winter's storm,*
*But in the sunshine passed away.*

*In milder climes, 'mid brighter skies,*
*Revived more beautiful and fair,*
*This lovely flower again shall rise,*
*And bloom in lasting glory there*

### *WEEKLY ALMANACK.*

| 1821. September. | Sun rises. | Sun sets. | High water. | Moon sets. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 29 *Saturday,* | 6 9 | 5 51 | 9 50 | 7 4 |
| 30 *Sunday,* | 6 10 | 5 50 | 10 36 | 7 37 |
| *Oct.*1,*Monday* | 6 11 | 5 49 | 11 25 | 8 17 |
| 2 *Tuesday,* | 6 12 | 5 48 | aft. 17 | 9 6 |
| 3 *Wednesday,* | 6 13 | 5 47 | 1 11 | 10 3 |
| 4 *Thursday,* | 6 14 | 5 46 | 2 5 | 11 6 |
| 5 *Friday,* | 6 15 | 5 45 | 2 59 | morn. |

Moon's First Quarter, 4th day, 6h. 26 min. in the Morning.

## Marine List,

### *Port of Newport.*

*Sept.* 29, 1821.

ENTERED,

Sloop Herald, Bennett, New-York
James Lawrence, Downing, ditto

CLEARED,

Ship William, Gardner, Warren
Sch'r Sarah Ann, Vinson, Mobile
Sloop Ann Maria, Gardner, New-York

Arrived on Monday last, Brig Ocean, Yeats, from St. Andrews, with plaster, bound to New-York.

Same day, Sch'r Huldah & Judah, Thomas, from St. Andrews for N. York.

Same day, Schooner Eliza M'Kensie, from Castine for New-York.

Same day, Sch'r Susannah, Stevens from Portland for Philadelphia.

Same day, Sloop Rover, Gears, from Norwich for New-Bedford.

Arrived on Wednesday, Brig Bowdoin, Barton, 19 days from Matanzas, with molasses, bound to Warren.

Same day, Sloop Hannah & Nancy, Turner, from Warren.

Same day, Sloop Hardware, Ingell, from New-York for Taunton.

Arrived on Thursday, Sloop Revenge, Barker, from Norwich for Providence.

Same day, Sloop Fair American, Smith, from Hartford for Providence.

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Capt. Eldred, arrived here the 21st inst. sailed from Cronstadt July 30th—and from Elsineur August 10th, in co. with brig Parthian, Bourne, for New-Bedford —Left at Cronstadt, Ships Helen, D'Wolf, of Boston; Lady Monroe, Pullen, for Baltimore in 15 days; Mount Vernon, Rawson, for New-York in 10 days; the Cornelia, Hammond; Grampus, Bangs; Wanderer, Sampson; and Clio, Picket, all of Boston—Elizabeth, Clarke, of New-Bedford; and Eliza & Mary, Story, of Salem, had all just arrived —Passed Elsineur, bound up, August 2d, Ship Pocahontas, Howland, of Boston, from Gallipoli; Cadmus, Ives, of do. from do; 4th, Triton of Salem, from ditto for Copenhagen; Mary & Eliza, Kinsman, of Boston, from do for Stettin; Experiment, Warner of do. from Havanna; 5th, Adriatic, Fink, of do. from Marseilles; Hunter, Turner, of Charleston, for Copenhagen; 6th, Rebecca, Page, of Salem, for do; 7th, Samuel, Munroe, of Bristol; 8th Packet, Barker, of New-Bedford, for Copenhagen; 9th, Neva, Bowditch, of Salem, from Pernambuco.—The Fawn, Abbot; and Saunders, M'Clenie, both from Havanna, were in the Roads August 9th, under 4 days quarantine.

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MARINE MEMORANDA

Schooner Louisa, Sherman, 12 hours from this port for Havanna, was spoken on the 11th inst.

Advertised at Richmond, Sch'r Ann, Brownell, for this port, to sail on the 28th inst.

Schooner Felix, Taggart, sailed from New-York on Sunday last for Charleston.


CHEAP DRY GOODS STORE

111

THAMES-STREET.

**S. H. CAHOONE,**

*At his Old Stand, opposite the* MERCHANTS BANK.

HAS just received, an extensive Assortment of English, French, and India GOODS, which he offers for Sale as cheap as can be purchased in Town.—Among which are :—

Super Black and blue Broadcloths
Common do do
Drab & blue Plains
White, red, yellow & green Flannels
Mixed and blue Cassimeres
Bombazets, figur'd and plain
Dark blue Calicoes
Light London Prints
Copper plate and furniture Calicoes
Furniture Dimity
4-4 & 5-4 Cambric do. do. Jaconet Muslins
4-4 Imitation Cambric
4-4 & 5-4 sheer Muslins
Irish Linens
English Shirtings
White Russia Sheetings
Brown do. do.
Ladies Worsted Hose
Gentlemen's ditto
Ladies silk Hose
do do Gloves
Black Levantines
Black and coloured Lutestrings
Do. Sinchews
do. Canton Camblet
do do. Crape
do. Italian ditto
Colored Cassimere Shawls
Ribbons
White and green Italian Crape
Flag & Bandanno handkerchiefs
Linen Cambrics
Marseilles vestings
Valentia ditto
Silk and Cotton Umbrellas
White Silk Lace
Diapers
Damask
One bale Crash.

*Also, just Opened.*

One Bale BOMBAZETTS, assorted colours.

Newport, Sept. 29.


## AUCTIONS.

On SATURDAY, Oct. 6th,

*At XI o'clock A M will be sold at Public Auction, on the premises, by virtue of a Decree of the Supreme Judicial Court.*

A LOT of Land, with a Dwelling House and Stable thereon standing situate in Howard's lane, being the Estate of *Nathaniel Richmond*, deceased.

Conditions made known at the time and place, or on application to.

JOHN RODMAN, Administrator.

Newport Sept. 6. 1821.

### *Valuable Real Estate for Sale.*

On THURSDAY, Nov. 22d,

*At X o'clock A M. will be sold at Public Auction on the premises, by order of the Supreme Judicial Court.*

THAT valuable FARM situated on Sechawest Point, in Middletown, of which the Hon. *Nathaniel Hazard* died seised, containing between 60 & 70 Acres of Land.—Said Farm has valuable privileges to the Beach, and is in excellent order.—The soil is equal to any on the Island, or in the State.—The whole of said Farm is good arable Land, and perhaps a more pleasant or healthy situation for a summer's residence cannot be found. It has the Ocean on the south, the East River on the east, and Sechawest Cove on the west. The Sale will be *positive*, and a good and perfect title will be given.—Conditions will be made known at the time and place of Sale.

DUTEE J. PEARCE, JAMES TOWNSEND. } *Adm'rs*

Newport, Sept. 7.

### MERCHANTS BANK;

THE Stockholders of the MERCHANTS BANK are hereby notified, that their Annual Meeting for the choice of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held agreeably to Charter, on MONDAY, October 1st, 1821, at 11 o'clock A. M. at their Banking Room.

T. H. MUMFORD, *Cashier.*

Newport, Sept. 25 1821.


### *HEMP & DUCK.*

50 Tons Hemp, first Quality.
100 Bolts heavy DUCK
30 do. half Do.
100 do. Ravens Duck
100 pieces Bleached & Brown Sheetings.—*For Sale, by*

**Robert Robinson, jr. & Co.**

Newport, Sept. 29.

### SWANN L. POMROY,

*Respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Newport, and its vicinity,*

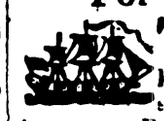
THAT he intends opening a SCHOOL for the instruction of Sacred Music, on *Monday Evening*, October 1st. The School will be held at Mr. Tower's Academy, three evenings in a week.

It is requested that all who intend giving their attendance at the School, would come in at the commencement of the Quarter.

☞ Subscriptions will be received at the Stores of Messrs. *H. Sessions*, and *J. B. Newton*.

Newport, Sept 29.

### For Richmond,



THE fast-sailing Sloop EXPRESS, CHARLES HAMMETT, Master, will sail about the 10th of October next —For Freight or Passage having excellent accommodations, apply to the Master on board at Hammett' Wharf.

Newport, Sept 29.


### *NOTICE.*

THE Members of the *Roger Williams Sunday School Association*, are requested to attend an Adjourned Meeting of said Society, on TUESDAY Evening next, Oct. 2d, at 7 o'clock, at the 2d Baptist Meeting-House, as business of importance is to be laid before the Society.—A punctual attendance is requested.

JOHN W. DAVIS, jun *Secretary*,

Newport, Sept 29.


### Atheneum,

*Or, Spirit of the English Magazines.*

JUST published, The ATHENEUM; *Or, Spirit of the English Magazines*, for Sept. 15, 1821.

J. C. SHAW,

Newport, Sept. 21.

# POETRY.

FOR THE NEWPORT MERCURY.

## AUTUMNAL EVENING.

WHEN Autumn shadows gloom around,
How! sweet to mark the evening's close
As bright the western welkin glows;
And list the crickets mournful sound,
Prophetic of approaching care,
Herald of Winter bustling in,
Which calls aloud, "Prepare! prepare!
Soon the New-Year will begin."

The sun sinks slow into the wave,
With ruddy disk, and orb on fire,
While gentle zephyr tunes his lyre,
Above where crimson waters lave;
Soothing the rough tumultuous roar,
That shocks the ear with descent wild.
Of breakers on the hollow shore,
By his lullaby beguil'd.

Phantoms and castles fancy sees,
And angel wings expanded wide,
O'[illegible] the costly pride,
And fairy palaces and trees;
Quite tangled—in confusion lost,—
But ah! their colours swift decay,
These vivid tints, which charm'd the [illegible]st,
Rapidly have flown away.

Look! in yon sky's cerulean blue,
'Tis placid, tranquil and serene;
Still darkness shuts upon the scene—
Gone is its rich and rosy hue!
The moon just o'er the forest height,
Or from the peopled town uprears,
Her sanguine, not her silver light,
And all pensively appears.

Cloth'd in fine gold, each living star,
That garnishes the brow of even,
The burnish'd diadem of heav'n.
Streams its magnificence afar.
See! emanate unnumber'd rays,
Reflected by the milky zone.
Kindling thro' ether vast their blaze,
Majesty of worlds unknown!

Northern Aurora's brilliant flush,
Illuminates the steady pole,
(Where ceaseless constellations roll,)
With tremulous and twilight blush.
As watchful of each silent sphere,
Seraphs repeat melodious verse,
Enchanting, rapt'rous, soft and clear,
Strains which only saints rehearse.

## Saturday's Monitor.

"*And immediately he received his sight.*"
MARK X. 52.

THE primary design of our Saviour's miracles was to authenticate his divine commission. His secondary design was to instruct mankind—to reprove them, to benefit them and to encourage them to acts of beneficence by his example.

On some of these miracles of the instructive kind, interpreters have been fond of founding allegories. Though this is at best a fanciful mode of interpretation and ought with great caution to be indulged; yet the miracle before us of healing the blind man, resolves itself so happily into allegorical instruction, that it is hardly possible to take the eye from viewing it in this light.

We are all blind by nature.—We are a people who sat in darkness, till we saw a great light. If we have faith in Christ, and believe him to be our enlightener, and Saviour, we eagerly come to him for assistance. We acknowledge him to be the only one, through which we can be restored to our spiritual sight. And though we may still feel we have not yet attained those holy dispositions, which we aspire after; yet we continue our prayers to God with importunity, and there is no doubt, but in the end we shall be heard.


## Union Factory.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their Friends, and the public in general, that they have established the Indigo Blue Dyeing, and have employed an experienced workman at colouring and finishing.—Woolen Goods of all descriptions will be finished in the neatest manner, and on the most reasonable terms.

*WOOL CARDING.*

Wool of all grades carded into roll in the best manner. They continue to manufacture Wool on shares or by contract, as may best suit their employers.

The following persons will receive and forward any articles intended for the Union Factory viz.—*Edward Stanhope* and *Robert & Francis Carr*, Newport—*George Lawton*, Tiverton—*Jeremiah Gifford*, Bristol Ferry.

The Subscribers return their sincere thanks to their old customers and solicit the continuance of their favors.

JOHN BABCOCK,
MOSES LAWTON.

Portsmouth, May 29

*TO LET,*

A SHOP, with a handsome Room back of it, in the House called the Washington House, next above *Anthony Taylor's* store.—Apply to

B. HAZARD.

Newport August 4

## NEW GOODS

*JOHN B. NEWTON,*

*Offers for Sale at unusual low prices,*

A LARGE Assortment of CALICOES, about 1500 yards, of different patterns

Broadcloths and Cassimeres

White and Brown Russia Sheetings for pantaloons; white Drilling for ditto

Silk Shawls—real Merino Hhdkfs

Ladies and Gentlemen's white cotton Hosiery—Cheap Linens

Green and black Italian Crapes

Black Nankin Crapes in gown patterns

Black and variety coloured Canton Crape

An extensive Assortment of Ribbons 3000 yards, of almost every description

British steam-loom and American Shirtings

A great variety of small articles, too numerous to mention

Newport June 22

## GROCERIES.

COGNAC and Naples Brandy
St. Croix and Antigua Rum
Gin in Hhd. & bls
Madeira, Sicily, Colmenar, Malaga & Corsica — WINES
Malaga Raisins
Pimento, Pepper, Soap, Starch, Ginger, Cassia, Nutmegs
Young Hyson, Hyson Skin & Souchong — Teas
Loaf and Lump Sugar
Lorillard's macabau, rappee and Scotch Snuff
Paper Tobacco
Plug Tobacco, of the most approved brands
Spanish and American Segars.

*ALSO,*

Liverpool, Earthern, China, and Glass WARE,

*Just received and for Sale by*

Archibald Munro.

Newport, June 2.

## FOR SALE,

*Just landed from Brig Polly*

70 Casks Claret Wine

and 30 Baskets of OIL, entitled to Debenture.—For terms, apply to BENJAMIN SHERMAN, or

JOHN J. ALLAN:

*Who has for Sale,*

500 bbls. fresh caught MACKRELL

Newport, June 16.

## MARBLE *MONUMENTS.*

TOMBS, Chimney Pieces Hearths, Fire Places and Grave Stones, of American and Italian Marble, blue, white and clouded, for Sale on the Packet Wharf, NEWPORT.

*ALSO,*

500 pair of Grave Stones, of the finest and most durable Blue Slate, warranted superior to any Sold in this State.—Free Stone for Windows Caps and Sills, Hearths, Fire Places and Steps.

All of which will be Sold at the *lowest Prices for Cash*. Country Produce, or other Merchandise, and on a long credit if required *Apply to*

JAMES STEVENS,
*Pelham-Street.*

Newport, March 17.

## TUITION,

AFTER an indisposition which has confined him for many weeks, the Subscriber will resume his business as a Teacher, on *Monday Next*, the 21st inst. and will instruct in all the useful branches of Education, whether in the lower or higher departments, at the prices usually received by other Teachers; he solicits the patronage of his Friends and the Public, and promises his utmost attention to their interest.

J. FRASER.

Newport, August 18.

## Verdigrise, ground in Oil

William W. Vernon,

*Has for Sale,*

VERDIGRISE ground in Oil, warranted of the first quality and as cheap as can be purchased in Boston or New-York in kegs from 10 to 200 lbs—Paints of all colours Linseed Oil-Window Glass and Putty Brushes, &c.

☞ W. W. VERNON informs his Friends and Customers, that he continues to carry on the Business of *Painting & Glazing* in its various branches at the Old stand No 118 Thames-Street, where he constantly attends to receive their commands; the smallest favours gratefully acknowledged and the strictest attention paid to all orders.

Newport, June 30.

## TO LET,

THE Building No 131 1-2. Thames Street, now occupied by *William Stanhope*, and which has been occupied as a shoe-maker's Shop for 40 years.—Terms will be made easy.—Apply to

CHRIS. FOWLER.

Newport, August 18

## Grand National Lottery,

5th CLASS.

Tickets Rising!

*SCHEME.*

One Prize of

$100,000

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Prize of | 25,000 |
| 2 | do. | 10,000 |
| 5 | do. | 5,000 |
| 100 | do. | 1,000 |
| 10 | do. | 500 |
| 105 | do. | 100 |
| 16,500 | do. | 13 |

Subject to a deduction of 15 per cent.

Prizes only to be drawn—50000 Tickets, not Two Blanks to a Prize.

The Lottery to be drawn in the City of Washington in a few weeks.

Present Price of Tickets, Wholes $11—Halves, 5 75—Quarters, 3 00—Eighths, 1 75—but will positively rise on the 1st of October to 12 Dollars each and parts in proportion—the Tickets are principally sold, and will rise to a very high price during the Drawing—The Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 106, will be kept open Day and Evening, for the accommodation of those in pursuit of Fortune's Favours, by

J. C. SHAW.

Who exchanges all kinds of money and wishes to purchase 100 Doubloons

Newport, Sept. 15.

## DOMESTICK INDUSTRY LOTTERY,

Second Class,

*SCHEME.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Prize of | 7000 | 7,000 |
| 1 | | 2000 | 2,000 |
| 3 | | 1000 | 3000 |
| 5 | | 500 | 1,500 |

Besides 300, 200, 100, 50, &c &c.

Not Two Blanks to a Prize—Prizes only subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. The Drawing will commence on the first day of January next, and be completed in a few weeks.

This being an excellent Lottery, and calculated to encourage Domestick Industry and the Mechanic Arts, it is believed that the sale of the Tickets will be rapid, and that the Inhabitants of this State in particular will patronise the work of their own hands.

Tickets may be bought of the Subscriber in a great variety of Numbers, and Companies or Individuals furnished with the same on demand;—allowances will be made to those who buy largely, or to sell again.

Two Classes are opened for Subscription; one upon the principle of Mutual Insurance; the other, of equal loss and gain.—Present price of Tickets, Wholes 5—Halves, 2 62—Quarters, 1 37—Eighths 75 cents.—Orders by Mail post paid, will be immediately attended to, and Tickets forwarded to any part of the United States, and adventurers advised of the fate of their Numbers as soon as drawn.

Daily Lists of the Drawings will be received, and Numbers examined and information given gratis.

JOSIAH C. SHAW.

Newport, Sept. 1.

## *STOLEN,*

FROM DEAN'S Wharf on the night of Tuesday, the 28th inst. a one mast BOAT, about 12 feet long, with green bottom and wash boards, an iron spindle to the her mast; has a platform covering iron ballast, and four boxes containing the same for moving ballast; and an iron chain at her bow by which she was locked when stolen; her stem has been injured, and mended on one side.—Whoever will return said Boat, shall receive a reward of Five Dollars, or Ten for the Thief, or 15 Dollars for both; or for securing and giving information of either, where they may be found, shall be liberally rewarded

W. TURNER.

Newport, August 31.

## NOTICE,

THE Subscriber having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the Town of Newport, Administratrix on the Estate of

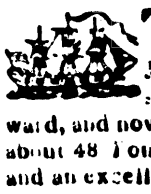
SOLOMON TOWNSEND,

late of said Newport, Merchant, deceased, and having qualified herself for that trust, hereby requests all persons indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment, and those having any claims against said estate, to present them for settlement without delay.

ANN P. TOWNSEND, *Adm'x.*

Newport, March 22.

## FOR SALE,



THREE-FOURTHS of the fast-sailing Packet JAMES LAWRENCE, as she arrived from the Southward, and now lying at Banisters' wharf about 48 Tons burthen, is well found, and an excellent sea-boat.—For terms apply to

JONATHAN T. ALMY

Newport, Oct 3

## S. & G. BOWEN,

*Have for Sale at their Store on Stevens' Wharf.*

50 Hhds. Molasses,
50 Bbls. No. 1 & 2 Boston BEEF
20 do. Mess Pork
15 Boxes first quality Soap
10 do. Mould Candles

Bar Iron, Iron Hoops, Anchors, Nails, Naval Stores, Leather, Salt, Grindstones, and a general Assortment of

*Ship-Chandlery & Groceries.*

Newport, May 12.

## DAVID BOWEN, & Co.

Have for Sale,

MOLASSES by the Hogshead or Barrel—N. E. Rum by do. do.
Sperm Candles by the box.
Sperm Oil by the Cask, or smaller quantity.
Assorted Bar Iron—Hoop Iron.
Alexandria Superfine Flour.
Mess Pork—Salt.
Naval Stores—Grindstones

With an Assortment of Cut Nails, Ship Chandlery, &c. &c.

Newport, April 7.

## *MORE* CHEAP GOODS,

ARE constantly receiving *Cheap Goods*, which are going off rapidly—those who wish more *large Bundles*, for a little money, will do well to call soon.—Among the assortment, are the following:—

American Diaper for 9d per yard; good chox for 1s; 4-4 India Cottons 1s; American cotton sheetings 4-4, for only 2s; white do. 1s to 20 cents; blue India Cottons, 1s; Calicoes from 1 to 2s; black, white and coloured Cambricks, from 1s6 to 4s6 per yard; Umbrellas and Parasols; dimity, book muslins; a lot of 5 4 cotton Shawl for 2s6 each; Crape Shawls; white and coloured Waterloo ditto, with and without borders, black and colored Nankin and Canton Crapes; black, chocolate, red and yellow silk, romal and bandanno Handkerchiefs; Irish Linens, from 1s6 to 7s6 per yard; part of a case of cheap Straw Bonnets.

*ALSO,—Day & Martin's* real Japan BLACKING,—with many articles not mentioned.

Newport, August 24.

## WATER-PROOF HATS,

THE Subscriber has just received a fresh supply and complete Assortment of all kinds of fashionable HATS, warranted superior to any ever offered the public; light, handsome and durable.—Kept constantly on hand and for Sale at No 95 1-2, Thames-Street, viz Men's fashionable bell-crown'd Hats; Men's yeomen crown'd ditto; Friends large brim drab and black ditto; youths fashionable black and drab ditto; boy's do. do.; Children's Jockies, fancy rimmed, very elegant—all of which he will sell remarkably cheap.

Citizens and Strangers are respectfully invited to call and see for themselves, as the Hats are a great object of economy, both for beauty and durability—Old Hats cleaned and repaired at short notice.

STEPHEN BARKER, jun.

Newport, August 25

## *NOTICE.*

THE Subscriber having been appointed by the Hon Court of Probate for the Town of South-Kingstown, Guardian to the Person and Estate of PETER W. CLARKE, of said Town hereby forbids all persons from trusting or trading with said Peter, on penalty of the law.—He also requests the Creditors of said Peter to present their claims and those indebted to make immediate payment to

NATHAN G. KINYON, *Guardian.*

South-Kingstown August 17

## F. A. PITAUX,

*(Formerly of the Polytechnic School, in Paris.)*

*Respectfully Informs the Public.*

THAT his SCHOOL is now opened at Mrs. PENNOYER'S, in Church-Street, every day in the Week, from 10 o'clock A. M. until 1, for Gentlemen—and from 3 to 5 o'clock P. M. for Ladies

Newport, August 18.

## PAINTING by Theorem,

*On Paper, Velvet, Saltin, &c.*

BY this method a Person will learn to Paint better and handsomer in Ten Days, than several months in the usual manner. It affords an opportunity to those Ladies who have left School without a competent knowledge of painting, to become acquainted with this elegant accomplishment in a few days; and those who have made considerable proficiency, will find it equally advantageous in abridging labor, and in adding to the neatness of their performances; because the advantage of this system is not only the facility with which it is acquired, but in delicacy of shading it excels all others and takes not one fourth part of the time in the execution. It is also too true, that most teachers of painting on velvet, satin, &c. either from incapability or fear of making others as wise as themselves, leave their pupils entirely ignorant of the manner of preparing proper paints for that purpose; in consequence of which, they are under the necessity of using the common water colors, (which are by no means suitable) or purchasing their liquid colors at an extravagant price, and generally of an inferior quality. Each one attending this School shall be taught to prepare more Paint of a better quality at the expence of One Dollar, than can be purchased in any store in the United States at the usual price for Ten Dollars.

For terms, &c. apply at the Writing Academy, corner of Church and Spring Streets, where specimens of Paint and Paintings may be seen.

All applications must be made previous to the 4th of October.

Newport, Sept 22.


## *PROPOSALS,*

For Publishing by Subscription, a Periodical Work, to be entitled

*Selections from the Records of the United Brethren's Church.*

SINCE the commencement of the year 1819 a Periodical Work, authorized by the General Synod of the United Brethren's Church, has been published in Germany comprising Biography, Missionary Intelligence, and other interesting matter, selected from manuscript accounts; together with occasional gleanings from the early history of that Church.

It is now proposed, to translate into the English language, and to publish in this country, under the auspices of the Moravian Conference, for Pennsylvania and the adjacent States, a select portion of the aforesaid work, under the above title; and to insert occasionally, such other interesting and recent matter, as may come to hand in manuscript accounts or private letters, relative to the United Brethren's Church and Missions, particularly in this country.

The Members and Friends of our little Zion, and those who are interested in the general cause of the Gospel, are affectionately solicited to aid the undertaking by their patronage.

*Terms of the Publication.*

I. The Work to appear in quarterly numbers, of 48 pages, making a volume of four numbers every year.

II. The annual Subscription to be *One Dollar*, payable on the delivery of the first number.

III. The publication to commence as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers has been obtained, to justify the undertaking.

☞ Subscriptions for the above Work, are received in this Town by the Rev. JOHN G. HERMAN.

WASHINGTON, ss.—*Clerk's Office Supreme Judicial Court, Sept. 15, 1821.*

BY Request, the Creditors of EDWARD HARVEY, of South-Kingstown, in the County of Washington, labourer, are hereby notified to appear before the Supreme Judicial Court to be holden at South-Kingstown, within and for the County of Washington, on the 2d Monday of October next, to nominate Assignees to receive an Assignment of his Estate, and to distribute the same to and among his Creditors, agreeably to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly passed at June Session, A. D. 1820, entitled "An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors.

JOHN SEGAR, *Clerk.*

## WANTED,

A YOUNG MAN from 15 to 18 years of age, to attend in a Grocery Store—one acquainted with the business would be preferred.—Enquire at this Office.